

Workers' Compensation Claim Kit - Michigan





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Table of Contents

Page 3 – MI Claims Kit Introductory Letter

Page 4 – GRIA Requirements for MI Posting Notices

Page 5 – Employees – Know Your Rights Poster

Page 6 – Rights and Responsibilities

Page 7 – Employer's Basic Report of Injury





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Dear Policyholder:

Thank you for placing your workers' compensation coverage with Grand River Insurance Agency (GRIA). We look forward to working with you to fulfill all your workers' compensation needs.

Enclosed you will find documentation necessary for the processing and administration of a claim in the event of a workplace injury, as well as important information regarding workers' compensation requirements for your state (i.e., posting notices, compliance laws, etc.).

Please utilize the documents included to collect valid information regarding the injured employee and incident and send the documents in when reporting the claim or upon request.

All new claims can be reported to claims@grandriverservices.com. Please email a completed first report of injury form (OCR 100) along with a brief message describing the claim.

Michigan state law requires employers to report every industrial injury or occupational disease claim to their workers' compensation carrier immediately. State law also requires that employers authorize initial medical treatment within 24 hours of knowledge that an occupational injury of illness has been sustained or reported, regardless of the legitimacy of the claim. Failure to comply may result in the loss of "medical control" and a significant increase in the potential claim cost.

We will attempt to contact you and the injured worker within 24 hours of receiving the First Report of Injury.

Questions regarding your insurance policy or coverage should be directed to your Grand River agent. We thank you for choosing Incline Casualty Company as your workers' compensation carrier and look forward to providing you superior customer service and compassionate care for your injured workers.





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Workers' Compensation Posting Requirements

Employees – Know Your Rights Poster (WC-PUB-005)

• Post in one or more conspicuous places at all business locations

To complete this form (WC-PUB-005), please enter the following information in the spaces provided:

- Your company name
- The name of a company representative and their phone number

Rights and Responsibilities Poster (WC-PUB-006)

Post near the Employees – Know Your Rights Poster (WC-PUB-005)





Employees -- Know Your Rights!

• Remember - It is important to report your injury to your employer.

Medical Care

You are entitled to reasonable and necessary medical care for work-related injuries or diseases. Employers or their insurance carriers are required by law to provide these services. During the first 28 days of treatment, your employer has the right to choose the physician. After 28 days you are free to change physicians, but you must notify your employer of the change. If you receive treatment from a physician of your choice, you shall obtain and promptly furnish a report to your employer.

If your employer refuses to provide medical care, you should contact Michigan's Workers' Disability Compensation Agency at its toll-free telephone number: **1-888-396-5041.**

You should not receive a bill from a health care provider for treatment of a covered work-related injury or illness. If you do receive such a bill, you should contact your employer or the employer's insurance carrier.

Wage Loss Benefits

You are entitled to weekly workers' compensation benefits if you suffer a wage loss for more than seven consecutive days. These benefits may be claimed as long as a disability and wage loss continue. Generally, the benefit rate is 80% of your after-tax average weekly wage, subject to a maximum rate.

Vocational Rehabilitation

If you are unable to perform the work that you have done previously, you are entitled to vocational rehabilitation. The number one goal is your return to work with your employer. If you cannot do this or require assistance in finding a new job, vocational rehabilitation services can help.

To be completed by the employer
Employer Name
Lingia ya Maina
Employer Contact Person and Telephone Number
Employer Contact Person and Telephone Number
In although Community
Incline Casualty Company
Workers' Compensation Insurance Carrier Name

If you have questions, please call the State of Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Agency

Toll-free 1-888-396-5041

Additional information is on the agency's website at http://michigan.gov/wdca.

EMPLOYER: PLEASE POST THIS NOTICE FOR YOUR EMPLOYEES TO SEE!

Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Rights & Responsibilities

Each party involved in the workers' compensation system has rights and responsibilities that help ensure the successful application of the law, and ultimately a safe return to work for the employee.

EMPLOYEES

- Report all injuries to your supervisor immediately!
- Most workers are covered under workers' compensation from the start of employment.
- Benefits include reasonable & necessary medical care, wage loss benefits, and vocational rehabilitation services.
- A compensable injury is one that has arisen "out of and in the course of employment." In other words, work must cause the disability.
- Workers' compensation is the "exclusive remedy" for work injuries, meaning that in most cases you cannot sue for other damages.
- There is a 7-day waiting period for wage loss benefit payments. If the disability lasts beyond one week, the worker is entitled to benefits as of the eighth day after the injury. If a disability continues for two weeks or longer, then the worker is entitled to be paid compensation for the first week of disability from the date of disablement. Paid medical leave may apply during the 7-day waiting period.
- There is no waiting period for medical benefits; coverage begins at the time of the injury.
- In most cases, wage loss benefits are calculated by taking the average of the highest 39 weeks of the last 52 weeks of gross wages prior to injury. Generally, you should receive 80% of the after-tax value of this average.
- Your first check is due and payable on the 14th day of disability. However, a benefit check is not considered "late" until 30 days after the due date.
- Weekly benefits continue so long as you are disabled, which
 could be for the rest of your life. However, benefits can be
 reduced by up to 50% after age 65 at 5% per year up to age
 75, or upon receipt of social security retirement benefits.
- If you are only partially disabled, you do have a duty to seek reasonably available work, taking into consideration those limitations (restrictions) from the work-related personal injury or disease.

- If you have more than one job covered under the Worker's Disability Compensation Act, you get credit for all wages earned in those jobs.
- Medical Benefits: You are entitled to all reasonable and necessary medical care including surgical, hospital, and dental services, as well as crutches, hearing apparatus, chiropractic treatment, and nursing care. These services are provided indefinitely as long as there is a need related to the injury.
- Choosing A Doctor: During the first 28 days of treatment, the
 employer has the right to choose the doctor. After that, you are
 free to change doctors providing that you notify the employer
 and insurance company, preferably in writing. You do not need
 authorization from the insurance company or the employer to
 be medically treated, as long as the treatment is reasonable
 and necessary, and your claim is not in dispute.
- Maintaining Contact: It is extremely important that you
 maintain regular contact with your employer throughout the
 treatment and recovery period so that they are aware of your
 progress. Provide your employer with updated work status
 reports and discuss early return to work options.
- Vocational Rehabilitation: If you have a work-related injury or illness which prevents you from being able to perform work for which you have previous training or experience, you are entitled to vocational rehabilitation benefits. Vocational rehabilitation can include a variety of professional services designed to help injured workers re-enter the workforce. These services may include job placement assistance, retraining support, or guidance in starting your own business. Vocational rehabilitation services are paid for by the employer/insurance carrier, so in most cases you must have an open workers' compensation claim to receive rehabilitation benefits.
- You may also be eligible for Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) benefits. If you have questions, you should contact the U.S. Department of Labor.

EMPLOYERS

- Stay in touch with your employees while they are off work! Look for appropriate light-duty work options and accommodations when possible.
- All public and most private employers in Michigan are covered by workers' compensation. Every employer subject to the Act must provide proof of insurance or be approved for self-insurance to ensure benefits can be paid to its workers should they become injured.
- Eligible employees are covered under workers' compensation from the date of employment.
- There are severe penalties if an employer fails to provide workers' compensation coverage.

EMPLOYER REPORTING

- All claims must be reported to your insurance carrier.
- Form WC-100: must be filed with the Workers' Disability Compensation Agency (WDCA) and your insurance carrier immediately upon the disability exceeding 7 consecutive days, death or specific loss. A copy of this form must also be given to the employee.
- You must ensure that reasonable and necessary medical treatment is provided promptly.
- You will need to provide a wage history report to the insurance carrier in order to calculate the correct benefit amount.
- Minors: The Act provides that an illegally employed minor is entitled to double compensation if injured.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

- · Prompt and regular payment of benefits is required by law.
- Form WC-701: Must be filed with the WDCA when wage loss benefits begin, change or stop.
- Form WC-110: Must be filed with the WDCA 3 months post-injury, and every 4 months after, to report on vocational rehabilitation activity.
- Form WC-107: Must be filed with the WDCA if a claim is disputed.
- · Medical services rendered are subject to the State of Michigan Health Care Services Rules and Fee Schedule.
- Injured workers are not to be "balance billed" for charges over and above the fee schedule.
- Benefits are not to be stopped for non-cooperation with vocational rehabilitation; a hearing must be requested prior to stoppage.

For more information contact: State of Michigan Workers' Disability Compensation Agency Toll free: 1-888-396-5041, or visit our website at www.michigan.gov/wdca

EMPLOYER'S BASIC REPORT OF INJURY

Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs
Workers' Compensation Agency
PO Box 30016, Lansing, MI 48909

An employer shall report immediately to the agency on Form WC-100 all injuries, including diseases, which arise out of and in the course of the employment, or on which a claim is made and result in any of the following: (a) Disability extending beyond seven (7) consecutive days, not including the date of injury; (b) Death; (c) Specific losses. In case of death, an employer shall also immediately file an additional report on WC-106. See instructions on reverse side for filing/mailing procedures.

I. EMPLOYEE DATA	·								
Social Security Number 2. Date of injury			3. Employee name (Last, First, MI)						
4. Address (Number & Street)			5. City		6	6. State		7. ZIP Code	
8. Date of birth (MM/DD/YYYY) 9. Sex			10. Number of dependents			11. Telephone number			
Male Female			·			'			
12. Tax filing status: A. Sing	d 🗌 С	C. Married, Filing Joint D. Married, Filing Separate							
II. EMPLOYER/CARRIER DATA									
13. Employer name						14. Federal ID Number			
15. Injury location code	16. Mailing locati	on code	17. UI number			18. Type of business (SIC/NAICS)			
19. Employer street address			20. City			21. State 22. ZIP code			
23. Insurance company name (if employer not self-insured)				24. Insurance company teleph			pany telephone	number (if known)	
III. INJURY/MEDICAL DATA									
25. Last day worked	26. Date employe	ee returned to work (if a	applicable)		27. D	id employee die? Yes No		28. If yes, date of death	
29. Injury city	30. Injury state	31. Injury o	county	32. Did injury occur on employer's premises? Yes No (If no, see item 53)					
33. Case number from OSHA/MIOSHA log 34. Time er				yee began work 35. Time of event If time cannot be determined,					
36. What was the employee doing just before the incident occurred? Describe the activity, as well as the tools, equipment, or material the employee was using. Be specific.									
37. How did the injury occur? Examples: "When ladder slipped on wet floor, worker fell 20 feet;" "Worker was sprayed with chlorine when gasket broke during replacement"									
38. Describe the nature of injury or illness				39. Part of body directly affected by the injury or illness					
40. What object or substance directly harmed the employee? Examples: concrete floor, chlorine, radial arm saw. If this question does not apply to the incident, leave it blank.									
41. Name of physician or other health care professional 42. Was employed				an emergency ro	oom?	? 43. Was employee hospitalized overnight as an in-patient? Yes No			
Yes No Yes No 44. If treatment was given away from the worksite, where was it given? (Include name, address, city, state and ZIP code of facility)									
IV. OCCUPATION AND WAGE DATA									
45. Date hired	46. Total gross weekly wage (highest 39 of			f 52) 47. Number of week		s used 48. Value of discontinued fringes			
49. Occupation (Be specific)	50. Was employ	51. Was employee certified as vocationally handicapped? Yes No							
52. Date employer notified by employee 53. If temporary service				e agency, provide name/address of employer where injury occurred.					
V. PREPARER DATA I CERTIFY THAT A COPY OF THIS REPORT HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THE EMPLOYEE									
Making a false or fraudulent statement for the purpose of obtaining or d									
54. Preparer's name (Please print or type) 55. Preparer's signate			re			56. Telephone number		57. Date prepared	

Notice to employee: Questions or errors should be reported immediately to the individual listed above in space 54

If you are using this form as a replacement for the Form 301 to document the specifics of an injury or illness for purposes of compliance with the work-related injury and illness logging requirements, follow the instructions in Section A only.

If you are using this form to report a workers' compensation injury, follow the instructions in Section A.

Section A

This form can be used in lieu of the MIOSHA Form 301, *Injury and Illness Incident Report*. It is one of the first forms you must fill out when a recordable work-related injury or illness has occurred. Together with the *Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses* (Form 300) and the accompanying *Summary* (Form 300A), these forms help the employer and MIOSHA develop a picture of the extent and severity of work-related incidents.

Within 7 calendar days after you receive information that a recordable work-related injury or illness has occurred, you must fill out questions 1-9, 27-28, 33-45 and 54-57.

According to Public Law of 1970 (P.L. 91-596) and Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Act 154, P.A. 1974, Part 11, Michigan Administrative Rule for Recording and Reporting of Injuries and Illnesses, you must keep this form on file for 5 years following the year to which it pertains.

Authority: Workers' Disability Compensation Act, 408.31(1)(3)
Completion: Mandatory

Penalty: Workers' Disability Compensation Act, 418.631

LARA is an equal opportunit y employer/program. Auxiliary aids, services and other reasonable accommodations are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

WC-100 (Rev. 10/11) Back